HEALTH/LIFE SAFETY LAWS

School Business Services

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Sec. 2-3.12 School Building Code.
(first part)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.12) (from Ch. 122, par. 2-3.12)
Sec. 2-3.12. School building code.
(a) To prepare for school boards with the advice of the Department of Public Health, the Capital Development Board, and the State Fire Marshal a school building code that will conserve the health and safety and general welfare of the pupils and school personnel and others who use public school facilities.

(b) Within 2 years after September 23, 1983, and every 10 years thereafter, or at such other times as the State Board of Education deems necessary or the regional superintendent so orders, each school board subject to the provisions of this Section shall again survey its school buildings and effectuate any recommendations in accordance with the procedures set forth herein.

1. An architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois is required to conduct the surveys under the provisions of this Section and shall make a report of the findings of the survey titled "safety survey report" to the school board.

2. The school board shall approve the safety survey report, including any recommendations to effectuate compliance with the code, and submit it to the Regional Superintendent.

3. The Regional Superintendent shall render a decision regarding approval or denial and submit the safety survey report to the State Superintendent of Education.

4. The State Superintendent of Education shall approve or deny the report including recommendations to effectuate compliance with the code and, if approved, issue a certificate of approval.
Sec.2-3.12 School Building Code.
(second part)

(5) Upon receipt of the certificate of approval, the Regional Superintendent shall issue an order to effect any approved recommendations included in the report. The report shall meet all of the following requirements:

(A) Items in the report shall be prioritized.

(B) **Urgent items** shall be considered as those items related to life safety problems that present an immediate hazard to the safety of students.

(C) **Required items** shall be considered as those items that are necessary for a safe environment but present less of an immediate hazard to the safety of students.

(D) **Urgent and required items** shall reference a specific rule in the code authorized by this Section that is currently being violated or will be violated within the next 12 months if the violation is not remedied.

(6) The school board of each district so surveyed and receiving a report of needed recommendations to be made to maintain standards of safety and health of the pupils enrolled shall effectuate the correction of **urgent items** as soon as achievable to ensure the safety of the students, but in no case more than one year after the date of the State Superintendent of Education's approval of the recommendation.

(7) **Required items** shall be corrected in a timely manner, but in no case more than 5 years from the date of the State Superintendent of Education's approval of the recommendation.

(8) Once each year the school board shall submit a report of progress on completion of any recommendations to effectuate compliance with the code.
(c) As soon as practicable, but not later than 2 years after January 1, 1993, the State Board of Education shall combine the document known as "Efficient and Adequate Standards for the Construction of Schools" with the document known as "Building Specifications for Health and Safety in Public Schools" together with any modifications or additions that may be deemed necessary. The combined document shall be known as the "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools" and shall be the governing code for all facilities that house public school students or are otherwise used for public school purposes, whether such facilities are permanent or temporary and whether they are owned, leased, rented, or otherwise used by the district. Facilities owned by a school district but that are not used to house public school students or are not used for public school purposes shall be governed by separate provisions within the code authorized by this Section.

(d) The 10 year survey cycle specified in this Section shall continue to apply based upon the standards contained in the "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools", which shall specify building standards for buildings that are constructed prior to January 1, 1993 and for buildings that are constructed after that date.

(e) The "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools" shall be the governing code for public schools; however, the provisions of this Section shall not preclude inspection of school premises and buildings pursuant to Section 9 of the Fire Investigation Act, provided that the provisions of the "Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools", or such predecessor document authorized by this Section as may be applicable are used, and provided that those inspections are coordinated with the Regional Superintendent having jurisdiction over the public school facility.
(f) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit the State Fire Marshal or a qualified fire official to whom the State Fire Marshal has delegated his or her authority from conducting a fire safety check in a public school.

(g) The Regional Superintendent shall address any violations that are not corrected in a timely manner pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 3-14.21 of this Code.

(h) Any agency having jurisdiction beyond the scope of the applicable document authorized by this Section may issue a lawful order to a school board to effectuate recommendations, and the school board receiving the order shall certify to the Regional Superintendent and the State Superintendent of Education when it has complied with the order.

(i) The State Board of Education is authorized to adopt any rules that are necessary relating to the administration and enforcement of the provisions of this Section.

(j) The code authorized by this Section shall apply only to those school districts having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants.

(k) In this Section, a "qualified fire official" means an individual that meets the requirements of rules adopted by the State Fire Marshal in cooperation with the State Board of Education to administer this Section. These rules shall be based on recommendations made by the task force established under Section 2-3.137 of this Code.

(Source: P.A. 94-225, eff. 7-14-05; 94-875, eff. 7-1-06; 94-1105, eff. 6-1-07; 95-876, eff. 8-21-08.)
Sec. 2-3.137 Inspection and Review of School Facilities; Task Force (first part)

(105 ILCS 5/2-3.137)

Sec. 2-3.137. Inspection and review of school facilities; task force.

(a) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for the documentation of school plan reviews and inspections of school facilities, including the responsible individual's signature. Such documents shall be kept on file by the regional superintendent of schools. The State Board of Education shall also adopt rules for the qualifications of persons performing the reviews and inspections, which must be consistent with the recommendations in the task force's report issued to the Governor and the General Assembly under subsection (b) of this Section. Those qualifications shall include requirements for training, education, and at least 2 years of relevant experience.

(a-5) Rules adopted by the State Board of Education in accordance with subsection (a) of this Section shall require fees to be collected for use in defraying costs associated with the administration of these and other provisions contained in the Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools required by Section 2-3.12 of this Code.

(b) The State Board of Education shall convene a task force for the purpose of reviewing the documents required under rules adopted under subsection (a) of this Section and making recommendations regarding training and accreditation of individuals performing reviews or inspections required under Section 2-3.12, 3-14.20, 3-14.21, or 3-14.22 of this Code, including regional superintendents of schools and others performing reviews or inspections under the authority of a regional superintendent (such as consultants, municipalities, and fire protection districts).
Sec. 2-3.137 Inspection and Review of School Facilities; Task Force
(\textit{second part})

The task force shall consist of all of the following members:

(1) The Executive Director of the \textbf{Capital Development Board} or his or her designee and a staff representative of the Division of Building Codes and Regulations.

(2) The \textbf{State Superintendent of Education} or his or her designee.

(3) A person appointed by the \textbf{State Board of Education}.

(4) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{school administrators}.

(5) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{suburban school administrators and school board members}.

(6) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{architects}.

(7) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{regional superintendents of schools}.

(8) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{fire inspectors}.

(9) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{Code administrators}.

(10) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{plumbing inspectors}.

(11) A person appointed by an organization that represents both \textbf{parents and teachers}.

(12) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{municipal governments} in the State.

(13) A person appointed by the \textbf{State Fire Marshal} from his or her office.

(14) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{fire chiefs}.

(15) The Director of \textbf{Public Health} or his or her designee.

(16) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{structural engineers}.

(17) A person appointed by an organization representing \textbf{professional engineers}.

The task force shall issue a report of its findings to the Governor and the General Assembly no later than \textbf{January 1, 2006}.

(Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-734, eff. 8-25-09.)
Sec. 3-14.20. Building plans and specifications. To inspect the building plans and specifications, including but not limited to plans and specifications for the heating, ventilating, lighting, seating, water supply, toilets and safety against fire of public school rooms and buildings submitted to him by school boards, and to approve all those which comply substantially with the building code authorized in Section 2-3.12.

If a municipality or, in the case of an unincorporated area, a county or, if applicable, a fire protection district wishes to be notified of plans and specifications received by a regional office of education for any future construction or alteration of a public school facility located within that entity's jurisdiction, then the entity must register this wish with the regional superintendent of schools. Within 10 days after the regional superintendent of schools receives the plans and specifications from a school board and prior to the bidding process, he or she shall notify, in writing, the registered municipality and, if applicable, the registered fire protection district where the school that is being constructed or altered lies that plans and specifications have been received. In the case of an unincorporated area, the registered county shall be notified. If the municipality, fire protection district, or county requests a review of the plans and specifications, then the school board shall submit a copy of the plans and specifications. The municipality and, if applicable, the fire protection district or the county may comment in writing on the plans and specifications based on the building code authorized in Section 2-3.12, referencing the specific code where a discrepancy has been identified, and respond back to the regional superintendent of schools within 15 days after a copy of the plans and specifications have been received or, if needed for plan review, such additional time as agreed to by the regional superintendent of schools. This review must be at no cost to the school district.

If such plans and specifications are not approved or denied approval by the regional superintendent of schools within 3 months after the date on which they are submitted to him or her, the school board may submit such plans and specifications directly to the State Superintendent of Education for approval or denial.

(Source: P.A. 94-225, eff. 7-14-05.)
Sec. 3-14.21 Inspection of Schools (first part)

(105 ILCS 5/3-14.21) (from Ch. 122, par. 3-14.21)
Sec. 3-14.21. Inspection of schools.
(a) The regional superintendent shall inspect and survey all public schools under his or her supervision and notify the board of education, or the trustees of schools in a district with trustees, in writing before July 30, whether or not the several schools in their district have been kept as required by law, using forms provided by the State Board of Education which are based on the Health/Life Safety Code for Public Schools adopted under Section 2-3.12. The regional superintendent shall report his or her findings to the State Board of Education on forms provided by the State Board of Education.

(b) If the regional superintendent determines that a school board has failed in a timely manner to correct urgent items identified in a previous life-safety report completed under Section 2-3.12 or as otherwise previously ordered by the regional superintendent, the regional superintendent shall order the school board to adopt and submit to the regional superintendent a plan for the immediate correction of the building violations. This plan shall be adopted following a public hearing that is conducted by the school board on the violations and the plan and that is preceded by at least 7 days' prior notice of the hearing published in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district. If the regional superintendent determines in the next annual inspection that the plan has not been completed and that the violations have not been corrected, the regional superintendent shall submit a report to the State Board of Education with a recommendation that the State Board withhold from payments of general State aid due to the district an amount necessary to correct the outstanding violations. The State Board, upon notice to the school board and to the regional superintendent, shall consider the report at a meeting of the State Board, and may order that a sufficient amount of general State aid be withheld from payments due to the district to correct the violations. This amount shall be paid to the regional superintendent who shall contract on behalf of the school board for the correction of the outstanding violations.
Sec. 3-14.21 Inspection of Schools
(second part)

(c) The Office of the State Fire Marshal or a qualified fire official, as defined in Section 2-3.12 of this Code, to whom the State Fire Marshal has delegated his or her authority shall conduct an annual fire safety inspection of each school building in this State. The State Fire Marshal or the fire official shall coordinate its inspections with the regional superintendent. The inspection shall be based on the fire safety code authorized in Section 2-3.12 of this Code. Any violations shall be reported in writing to the regional superintendent and shall reference the specific code sections where a discrepancy has been identified within 15 days after the inspection has been conducted. The regional superintendent shall address those violations that are not corrected in a timely manner pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section. The inspection must be at no cost to the school district.

(d) If a municipality or, in the case of an unincorporated area, a county or, if applicable, a fire protection district wishes to perform new construction inspections under the jurisdiction of a regional superintendent, then the entity must register this wish with the regional superintendent. These inspections must be based on the building code authorized in Section 2-3.12 of this Code. The inspections must be at no cost to the school district.

(Source: P.A. 96-734, eff. 8-25-09.)
Sec. 3-14.22 Condemnation of School Buildings

(105 ILCS 5/3-14.22) (from Ch. 122, par. 3-14.22)

Sec. 3-14.22. Condemnation of school buildings. To request the Department of Public Health, the State Fire Marshal or the State Superintendent of Education to inspect public school buildings and temporary school facilities which appear to him to be unsafe, insanitary or unfit for occupancy. These officials shall inspect such buildings and temporary school facilities and if, in their opinion, such buildings or temporary facilities are unsafe, insanitary or unfit for occupancy, shall state in writing in what particular they are unsafe, insanitary or unfit for occupancy. Upon the receipt of such statement the regional superintendent shall condemn the building or temporary facility and notify the school board thereof in writing and the reasons for such condemnation. He shall also notify, in writing, the board of school trustees that the school or temporary facility so condemned is not kept as required by law.

The provisions of this Section shall not preclude inspection of school premises and buildings pursuant to Section 9 of the Fire Investigation Act, although not requested as hereinabove provided.

(Source: P.A. 87-984.)
Sec. 10-20.21. Contracts.

(a) To award all contracts for purchase of supplies, materials or work or contracts with private carriers for transportation of pupils involving an expenditure in excess of $25,000 or a lower amount as required by board policy to the lowest responsible bidder, considering conformity with specifications, terms of delivery, quality and serviceability, after due advertisement, except the following: (i) contracts for the services of individuals possessing a high degree of professional skill where the ability or fitness of the individual plays an important part; (ii) contracts for the printing of finance committee reports and departmental reports; (iii) contracts for the printing or engraving of bonds, tax warrants and other evidences of indebtedness; (iv) contracts for the purchase of perishable foods and perishable beverages; (v) contracts for materials and work which have been awarded to the lowest responsible bidder after due advertisement, but due to unforeseen revisions, not the fault of the contractor for materials and work, must be revised causing expenditures not in excess of 10% of the contract price; (vi) contracts for the maintenance or servicing of, or provision of repair parts for, equipment which are made with the manufacturer or authorized service agent of that equipment where the provision of parts, maintenance, or servicing can best be performed by the manufacturer or authorized service agent; (vii) purchases and contracts for the use, purchase, delivery, movement, or installation of data processing equipment, software, or services and telecommunications and interconnect equipment, software, and services; (viii) contracts for duplicating machines and supplies; (ix) contracts for the purchase of natural gas when the cost is less than that offered by a public utility; (x) purchases of equipment previously owned by some entity other than the district itself; (xi) contracts for repair, maintenance, remodeling, renovation, or construction, or a single project involving an expenditure not to exceed $50,000 and not involving a change or increase in the size, type, or extent of an existing facility; (xii) contracts for goods or services procured from another governmental agency; (xiii) contracts for goods or services which are economically procurable from only one source, such as for the purchase of magazines, books, periodicals, pamphlets and reports, and for utility services such as water, light, heat, telephone or telegraph; (xiv) where funds are expended in an emergency and such emergency expenditure is approved by 3/4 of the members of the board;
Sec. 10-20.21 Contracts
(second part)

(xv) State master contracts authorized under Article 28A of this Code; and (xvi) contracts providing for the transportation of pupils with special needs or disabilities, which contracts must be advertised in the same manner as competitive bids and awarded by first considering the bidder or bidders most able to provide safety and comfort for the pupils with special needs or disabilities, stability of service, and any other factors set forth in the request for proposal regarding quality of service, and then price.

All competitive bids for contracts involving an expenditure in excess of $25,000 or a lower amount as required by board policy must be sealed by the bidder and must be opened by a member or employee of the school board at a public bid opening at which the contents of the bids must be announced. Each bidder must receive at least 3 days' notice of the time and place of the bid opening. For purposes of this Section due advertisement includes, but is not limited to, at least one public notice at least 10 days before the bid date in a newspaper published in the district, or if no newspaper is published in the district, in a newspaper of general circulation in the area of the district. State master contracts and certified education purchasing contracts, as defined in Article 28A of this Code, are not subject to the requirements of this paragraph.

Under this Section, the acceptance of bids sealed by a bidder and the opening of these bids at a public bid opening may be permitted by an electronic process for communicating, accepting, and opening competitive bids. However, bids for construction purposes are prohibited from being communicated, accepted, or opened electronically. An electronic bidding process must provide for, but is not limited to, the following safeguards:

(1) On the date and time certain of a bid opening, the primary person conducting the competitive, sealed, electronic bid process shall log onto a specified database using a unique username and password previously assigned to the bidder to allow access to the bidder's specific bid project number.
Section 17-2.11
(first part)

(105 ILCS 5/17-2.11) (from Ch. 122, par. 17-2.11)
Sec. 17-2.11. School board power to levy a tax or to borrow money and issue bonds for fire prevention, safety, energy conservation, disabled accessibility, school security, and specified repair purposes.

(a) Whenever, as a result of any lawful order of any agency, other than a school board, having authority to enforce any school building code applicable to any facility that houses students, or any law or regulation for the protection and safety of the environment, pursuant to the Environmental Protection Act, any school district having a population of less than 500,000 inhabitants is required to alter or reconstruct any school building or permanent, fixed equipment; the district may, by proper resolution, levy a tax for the purpose of making such alteration or reconstruction, based on a survey report by an architect or engineer licensed in this State, upon all of the taxable property of the district at the value as assessed by the Department of Revenue and at a rate not to exceed 0.05% per year for a period sufficient to finance such alteration or reconstruction, upon the following conditions:

(1) When there are not sufficient funds available in the operations and maintenance fund of the school district, the school facility occupation tax fund of the district, or the fire prevention and safety fund of the district, as determined by the district on the basis of rules adopted by the State Board of Education, to make such alteration or reconstruction or to purchase and install such permanent, fixed equipment so ordered or determined as necessary. Appropriate school district records must be made available to the State Superintendent of Education, upon request, to confirm this insufficiency.
Section 17-2.11
(第二部分)

(2) When a certified estimate of an architect or engineer licensed in this State stating the estimated amount necessary to make the alteration or reconstruction or to purchase and install the equipment so ordered has been secured by the school district, and the estimate has been approved by the regional superintendent of schools having jurisdiction over the district and the State Superintendent of Education. Approval must not be granted for any work that has already started without the prior express authorization of the State Superintendent of Education. If the estimate is not approved or is denied approval by the regional superintendent of schools within 3 months after the date on which it is submitted to him or her, the school board of the district may submit the estimate directly to the State Superintendent of Education for approval or denial.

In the case of an emergency situation, where the estimated cost to effectuate emergency repairs is less than the amount specified in Section 10-20.21 of this Code, the school district may proceed with such repairs prior to approval by the State Superintendent of Education, but shall comply with the provisions of subdivision (2) of this subsection (a) as soon thereafter as may be as well as Section 10-20.21 of this Code. If the estimated cost to effectuate emergency repairs is greater than the amount specified in Section 10-20.21 of this Code, then the school district shall proceed in conformity with Section 10-20.21 of this Code and with rules established by the State Board of Education to address such situations. The rules adopted by the State Board of Education to deal with these situations shall stipulate that emergency situations must be expedited and given priority consideration. For purposes of this paragraph, an emergency is a situation that presents an imminent and continuing threat to the health and safety of students or other occupants of a facility, requires complete or partial evacuation of a building or part of a building, or consumes one or more of the 5 emergency days built into the adopted calendar of the school or schools or would otherwise be expected to cause such school or schools to fall short of the minimum school calendar requirements.
(b) Whenever any such district determines that it is necessary for **energy conservation purposes** that any school building or permanent, fixed equipment should be altered or reconstructed and that such alterations or reconstruction will be made with funds not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act; the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.

(c) Whenever any such district determines that it is necessary for disabled **accessibility purposes** and to comply with the school building code that any school building or equipment should be altered or reconstructed and that such alterations or reconstruction will be made with funds not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized under Section 2-3.12 of this Act, the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.

(d) Whenever any such district determines that it is necessary for **school security purposes** and the related protection and safety of pupils and school personnel that any school building or property should be altered or reconstructed or that security systems and equipment (including but not limited to intercom, early detection and warning, access control and television monitoring systems) should be purchased and installed, and that such alterations, reconstruction or purchase and installation of equipment will be made with funds not necessary for the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendment thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act and will deter and prevent unauthorized entry or activities upon school property by unknown or dangerous persons, assure early detection and advance warning of any such actual or attempted unauthorized entry or activities and help assure the continued safety of pupils and school staff if any such unauthorized entry or activity is attempted or occurs; the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.
Section 17-2.11

(fourth part)

(e) If a school district does not need funds for other fire prevention and safety projects, including the completion of approved and recommended projects contained in any safety survey report or amendments thereto authorized by Section 2-3.12 of this Act, and it is determined after a public hearing (which is preceded by at least one published notice (i) occurring at least 7 days prior to the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the school district and (ii) setting forth the time, date, place, and general subject matter of the hearing) that there is a substantial, immediate, and otherwise unavoidable threat to the health, safety, or welfare of pupils due to disrepair of school sidewalks, playgrounds, parking lots, or school bus turnarounds and repairs must be made; then the district may levy a tax or issue bonds as provided in subsection (a) of this Section.

(f) For purposes of this Section a school district may replace a school building or build additions to replace portions of a building when it is determined that the effectuation of the recommendations for the existing building will cost more than the replacement costs. Such determination shall be based on a comparison of estimated costs made by an architect or engineer licensed in the State of Illinois. The new building or addition shall be equivalent in area (square feet) and comparable in purpose and grades served and may be on the same site or another site. Such replacement may only be done upon order of the regional superintendent of schools and the approval of the State Superintendent of Education.

(g) The filing of a certified copy of the resolution levying the tax when accompanied by the certificates of the regional superintendent of schools and State Superintendent of Education shall be the authority of the county clerk to extend such tax.
Section 22-23. Sprinkler Systems

(105 ILCS 5/22-23) (from Ch. 122, par. 22-23)
Sec. 22-23. Sprinkler systems.

(a) The provisions of this Section apply to the school board, board of education, board of school directors, board of school inspectors or other governing body of each school district in this State, including special charter districts and districts organized under Article 34.

(b) As used in this Section, the term "school construction" means (1) the construction of a new school building, or addition to an existing building, within any period of 30 months, having 7,200 or more square feet, and (2) any alteration, as defined in 71 Illinois Administrative Code, Section 400.210, within any period of 30 months, affecting one or more areas of a school building which cumulatively are equal to 50% or more of the square footage of the school building.

(c) New areas or uses of buildings not required to be sprinklered under this Section shall be protected with the installation of an automatic fire detection system.

(d) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, no school construction shall be commenced in any school district on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1991 unless sprinkler systems are required by, and are installed in accordance with approved plans and specifications in the school building, addition or project areas which constitute school construction as defined in subsection (b). Plans and specifications shall comply with rules and regulations established by the State Board of Education, and such rules and regulations shall be consistent so far as practicable with nationally recognized standards such as those established by the National Fire Protection Association.

(Source: P.A. 90-566, eff. 1-2-98.)
Section 128. School Safety Drill Act
Section 128. School Safety Drill Act
Section 128. School Safety Drill Act

School Emergency & Crisis Response Plan Template

ISBE/OSFM All Hazard Preparedness Guide for Illinois Schools

Public Act 094-0600 (105 ILCS 128) School Safety Drill Act, was signed into law August 16, 2005. Its purpose is to have public and private schools conduct specific school safety drills. Below are links to the PA 094-0600 School Safety Drill Act, Joint Rules adopted by the Office of the State Fire Marshal, ISBE, and forms for documenting minimum compliance with the Act and Rules. A School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template, and additional forms for documenting minimum compliance with the Act and Rules, are also provided:

I. **PA 094-0600 School Safety Drill Act** 1. Establishes the minimum requirements and standards for schools to follow when conducting response plans and to encourage schools and first responders to work together for the safety of children. Communities and schools are encouraged to develop compliance plans that meet or exceed the Act’s requirements.

II. **Title 29 Part 1500 Joint Rules of the Office of the State Fire Marshal and the Illinois State Board of Education: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan**

the annual review and updating of the protocols and procedures in each school’s emergency and crisis response plan that is required by the Act. Each school’s compliance with the school safety drill requirements established in Section 15 of the Act (105 ILCS 128/1):

III. **Minimum Compliance**

Forms and documents for assuring minimum compliance with the Act and Joint Rules.

A. **Annual Review Report**

Suggested form to document compliance with the requirement of the school board or designee to submit to the Joint Rules of the Office of the State Fire Marshal and the Illinois State Board of Education: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan, the annual review and updating of the protocols and procedures in each school’s emergency and crisis response plan that is required by the Act (105 ILCS 128/15). Private schools are encouraged to develop compliance plans that meet or exceed the Act’s requirements.

B. **Minimum Component Checklist for Annual Review**

Suggested checklist to use prior to and during the School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan annual review of the minimum components that are required to be reviewed by the Joint Rules.

C. **Drill Scheduling Requirements**

A one-page review of dates and first responder participation details.

D. **School Drill Documentation**

Suggested form for documenting the completion of minimum drills.

IV. **School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**

A template for assisting schools in developing or revising School Emergency and Crisis Response Plans.

A. **Introduction** – page 7. Contains the Distribution List, Purpose and Definitions for terms within the Plan.

B. **Situation and Assumption** – page 10. Provides a description of the situations that may be faced by the school and assumptions.

C. **Concept of Operations** – page 15. Describes the objectives of incident management and the incident command system and responsibilities.

D. **Organization and Assignment of Responsibilities** – page 23. Describes the roles and responsibilities of the various elements and management system.

E. **Direction and Control** – page 29. Describes the roles and responsibilities and chain of command to be used during an emergency.

F. **Readiness Levels** – page 30. Describes the circumstances that dictate the levels of readiness and the appropriate awareness levels.

G. **Emergency Plan** – page 35. Provides a comprehensive overview of the school’s emergency plan, including procedures to be followed in the event of an emergency.

H. **Appendices**

- **Appendix A: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix B: School Drill Documentation**
- **Appendix C: Minimum Component Checklist for Annual Review**
- **Appendix D: Annual Review Report**
- **Appendix E: Drill Scheduling Requirements**
- **Appendix F: School Drill Documentation**
- **Appendix G: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix H: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix I: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix J: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix K: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix L: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix M: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix N: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix O: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix P: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix Q: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix R: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix S: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix T: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix U: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix V: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix W: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix X: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix Y: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**
- **Appendix Z: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**

I. **Funding**

Public Act 094-0600 (105 ILCS 128) School Safety Drill Act, was signed into law August 16, 2005. Its purpose is to have public and private schools conduct specific school safety drills. Below are links to the PA 094-0600 School Safety Drill Act, Joint Rules adopted by the Office of the State Fire Marshal, ISBE, and forms for documenting minimum compliance with the Act and Rules. A School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template, and additional forms for documenting minimum compliance with the Act and Rules, are also provided:

J. **Title 29 Part 1500 Joint Rules of the Office of the State Fire Marshal and the Illinois State Board of Education: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan**

the annual review and updating of the protocols and procedures in each school’s emergency and crisis response plan that is required by the Act. Each school’s compliance with the school safety drill requirements established in Section 15 of the Act (105 ILCS 128/1):

K. **Minimum Compliance**

Forms and documents for assuring minimum compliance with the Act and Joint Rules.

L. **Annual Review Report**

Suggested form to document compliance with the requirement of the school board or designee to submit to the Joint Rules of the Office of the State Fire Marshal and the Illinois State Board of Education: School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan, the annual review and updating of the protocols and procedures in each school’s emergency and crisis response plan that is required by the Act (105 ILCS 128/15). Private schools are encouraged to develop compliance plans that meet or exceed the Act’s requirements.

M. **Minimum Component Checklist for Annual Review**

Suggested checklist to use prior to and during the School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan annual review of the minimum components that are required to be reviewed by the Joint Rules.

N. **Drill Scheduling Requirements**

A one-page review of dates and first responder participation details.

O. **School Drill Documentation**

Suggested form for documenting the completion of minimum drills.

P. **School Emergency and Crisis Response Plan Template**

A template for assisting schools in developing or revising School Emergency and Crisis Response Plans.

Q. **Introduction** – page 7. Contains the Distribution List, Purpose and Definitions for terms within the Plan.

R. **Situation and Assumption** – page 10. Provides a description of the situations that may be faced by the school and assumptions.

S. **Concept of Operations** – page 15. Describes the objectives of incident management and the incident command system and responsibilities.

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